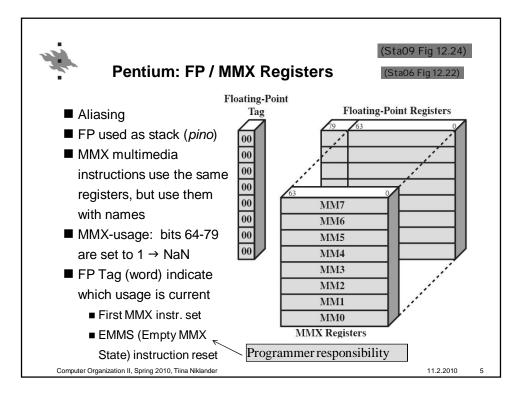
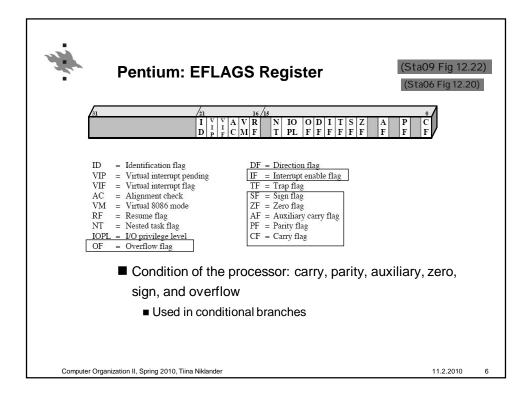
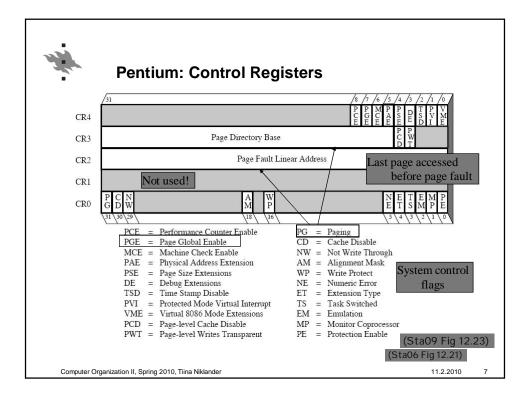


X86	(Sta09 Table 12.			
T	AX, EBX, ECX, E			
Туре	Number	Length (bits)		SP, EBP, ESI, ED
General	8	32	General-purpose user regist	CS, SS, DS,
Segment	6	16	Contain segment selectors	ES, FS, GS
EFLAGS	1	32	Status and control bits	L3, F3, G3
Instruction Pointer	1	32	Instruction pointer	EFLAGS
Туре	(b) Ir	nteger Unit in 64-1 Length (bits)	Dit Mode Purpose	
General	16	32	General-purpose user regist	ers
Segment	6	16	Contain segment selectors	
		64	Status and control bits	
RFLAGS	1	04	orardo and control ono	

×86	: Proces	sor Regist	(Sta09 Table 12.
	(	c) Floating-Point	Unit Function as a stack or store MMX value
Туре	Number	Length (bits)	Purpose
Numeric	8	80	Hold floating-point numbers
Control	1	16	Control bits
Status	1	16	Status bits
Tag Word	1	16	Specifies contents of numeric registers
Instruction Pointer	1	48	Points to instruction interrupted by exception selector, off
Data Pointer	1	48	Points to operand interrupted by exception

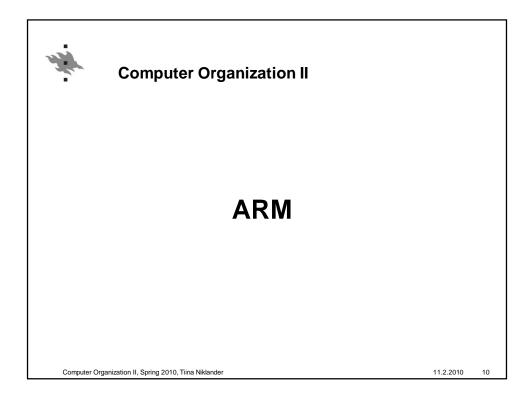


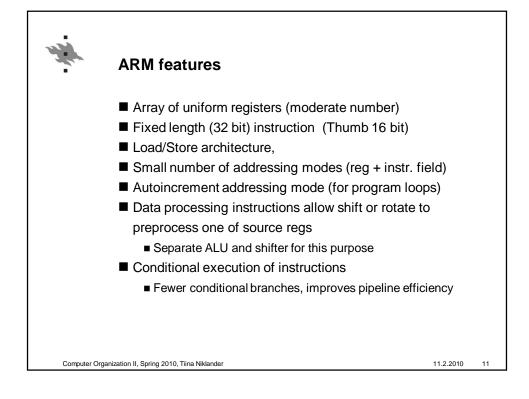


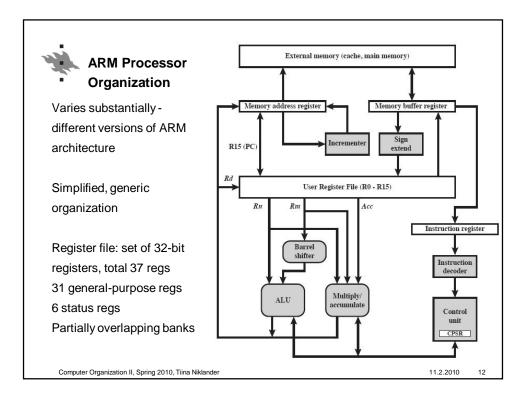


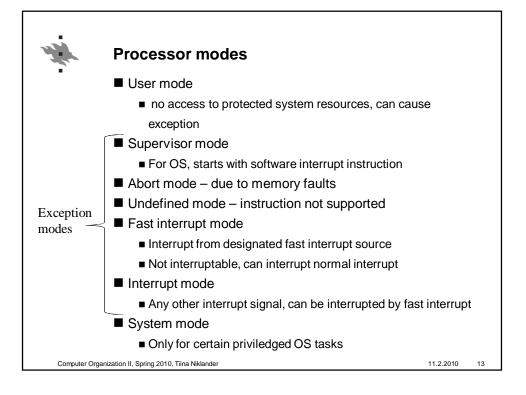
Pentium: Interrupts	See Sta09 Table 12.3
Calling interrupt handler; atomic harr If not in privileged mode ( <i>etuoikeutettu</i> PUSH(SS) stack segment select PUSH(ESP) stack pointer to stact PUSH(EFLAGS) status register to EFLAGS.IOPL ← 00 set privileged to EFLAGS.IF ← 0 disable interrupt EFLAGS.TF ← 0 disable exception PUSH(CS) code segment selector PUSH(EIP) instruction pointer to se PUSH(error code) if needed number ← interrupt controller / INT-instruction	a tila) ctor to stack ctor to stack stack mode s (keskeytys) ons (poikkeus) or to stack stack (käskyosoitin)
CS ← interrupt vector [number].CS	Address translation:
EIP ← interrupt vector [number].EIP ■ Return	Segment nunber- and offset from interrupt vector =>
Privileged IRET-instruction	Address of the interrupt handler
POP everything from stack to their p	laces
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vector is	nber Description
0	Divide error; division overflow or division by zero
1	Debug exception; includes various faults and traps related to debugging
2	NMI pin interrupt; signal on NMI pin
3	Breakpoint; caused by INT 3 instruction, which is a 1-byte instruction useful for debugging
4	INTO-detected overflow; occurs when the processor executes INTO with the OF flag set
5	BOUND range exceeded; the BOUND instruction compares a register with boundaries stored in memory and generates an interrupt if the contents of the register is out of bounds.
6	Undefined opcode
7	Device not available; attempt to use ESC or WAIT instruction fails due to lack of external device
8	Double fault; two interrupts occur during the same instruction and cannot be handled serially
9	Reserved
10	Invalid task state segment; segment describing a requested task is not initialized or not valid
11	Segment not present; required segment not present
12	Stack fault; limit of stack segment exceeded or stack segment not present
13	General protection; protection violation that does not cause another exception (e.g., writing to a read-only segment)
14	Page fault
15	Reserved
16	Floating-point error; generated by a floating-point arithmetic instruction
17	Alignment check; access to a word stored at an odd byte address or a doubleword stored at an address not a multiple of 4
18	Machine check; model specific
19-3	Reserved

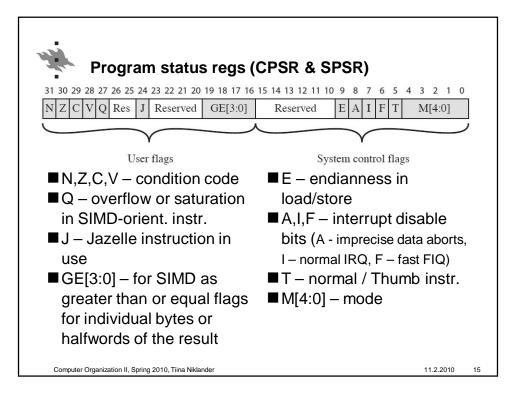




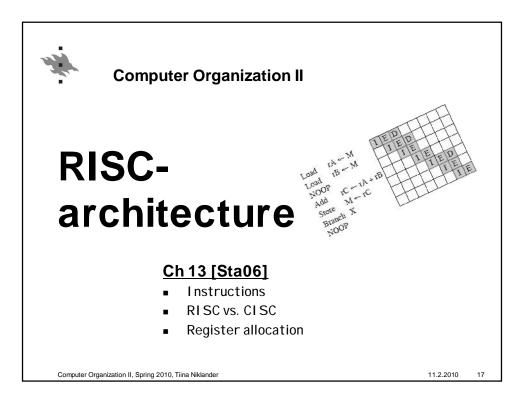


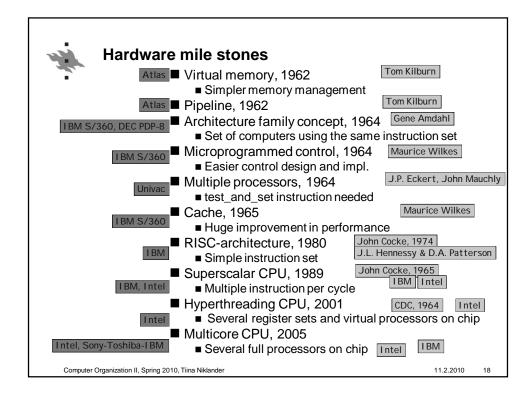


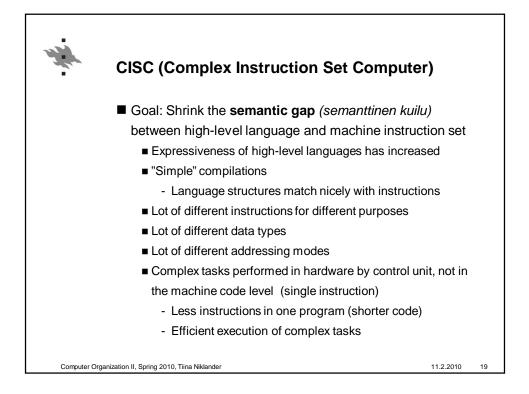
				Modes				
•				Privilege	ed modes			
			Exception modes					
SP – stack pointer	User	System	Supervisor	Abort	Undefined	Interrupt	Fast Interrupt	
LR – link register	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	R0	
PC – program counter	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	R1	
	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	R2	
CPSR – current	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	R3	
	R4	R4	R4	R4	R4	R4	R4	
program status	<b>R</b> 5	R5	R5	R5	R5	R5	<b>R</b> 5	
register	R6	R6	R6	R6	R6	R6	R6	
-	<b>R</b> 7	<b>R</b> 7	<b>R</b> 7	<b>R</b> 7	R7	<b>R</b> 7	R7	
SPSR – saved	R8	R8	R8	R8	R8	R8	R8_fiq	
program status	R9	R9	R9	R9	R9	R9	R9_fiq	
program status	R10	R10	R10	R10	R10	R10	R10_fiq	
register	R11	R11	R11	R11	R11	R11	R11_fiq	
0	R12	R12	R12	R12	R12	R12	R12_fiq	
	R13 (SP)	R13 (SP)	R13_svc	R13_abt	R13_und	R13_irq	R13_fiq	
Shaded regs replaced	R14 (LR)	R14 (LR)	R14_svc	R14_abt	R14_und	R14_irq	R14_fiq	
0,	R15 (PC)	R15 (PC)	R15 (PC)	R15 (PC)	R15 (PC)	R15 (PC)	R15 (PC)	
in exception modes!				Di	8	21		
	CPSR	CPSR	CPSR	CPSR	CPSR	CPSR	CPSR	
		17	SPSR_svc	SPSR_abt	SPSR_und	SPSR_irq	SPSR_fiq	



	Exception type	Mode	Normal entry address	Description
	Reset	Supervisor	0x00000000	Occurs when the system is initialized.
ARM Interrupt	Data abort	Abort	0x00000010	Occurs when an invalid memory address has been accessed, such as if there is no physical memory for an address or the correct access permission is lacking.
vector	FIQ (fast interrupt)	FIQ	0x000001C	Occurs when an external device asserts the FIQ pin on the processor. An interrupt cannot be interrupted except by an FIQ. FIQ is designed to support a data transfer
Table lists the				or channel process, and has sufficient private registers to remove the need for
exception types				register saving in such applications, therefore minimizing the overhead of
and the address in				context switching. A fast interrupt cannot be interrupted.
interrupt vector for	IRQ (interrupt)	IRQ	0x0000018	Occurs when an external device asserts the
that type.				IRQ pin on the processor. An interrupt cannot be interrupted except by an FIQ.
The vector	Prefetch abort	Abort	0x000000C	Occurs when an attempt to fetch an instruction results in a memory fault. The exception is raised when the instruction enters the execute stage of the pipeline.
contains the start	Undefined instructions	Undefined	0x00000004	Occurs when an instruction not in the instruction set reaches the execute stage of the pipeline.
addresses of the	Software interrupt	Supervisor	0x0000008	Generally used to allow user mode
interrupt handlers.				programs to call the OS. The user program executes a SWI instruction with an argument that identifies the function the user wishes to perform.
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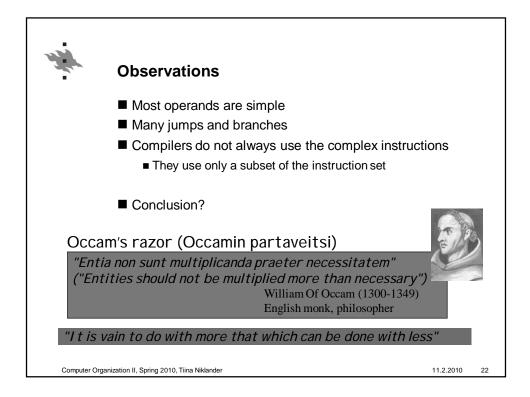


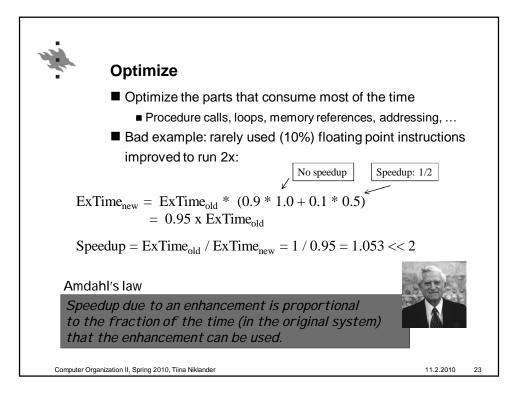


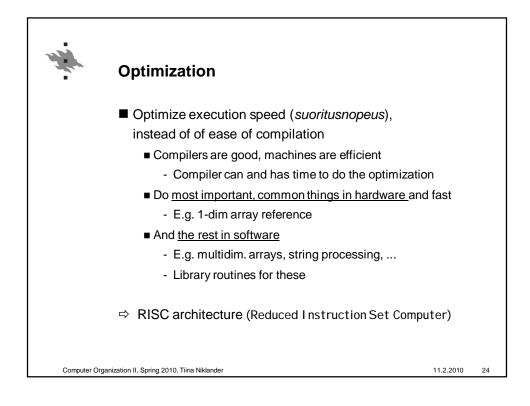


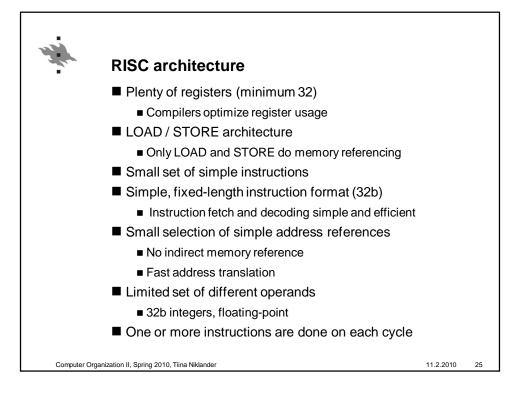
~			0	u da sud	iah ar	
0	peratio	ons and	Opera	nas, wr	nich are	e used?
_	V 400	0				1- 00000
				X, PDP-1'		
-	Dynamic	c, occurre	ncies du	ring the e	xecution	
	Dynamic (	Occurrence		Instruction ghted		Reference ghted
	Pascal	С	Pascal	С	Pascal	C
ASSIGN	(45%)	38%	13%	13%	14%	15%
LOOP	5%	3%	(42%)	32%	33%	26%
CALL	15%	12%	31%	33%	44%	45%
IF	29%	(43%)	11%	21%	7%	13%
GOTO	_	3%	_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
OTHER	6%	1%	3%	1%	2%	1%
	Weighted Re	lative Dynam	ic Frequency	y of HLL Oper	ations [PAT]	[82a]
	Р	ascal C	Average			30% of reference
Integer Con	nstant	16% 23%	20%	D . D		
Scalar Vari	able 🤇	58% 53%	55%	Dynamic Per of Operands		o local variables
Array/Strue	cture	26% 24%	25%	1		06 Table 13.2, 1
			0.000		(518	
	n II, Spring 2010, T					11.2.2010

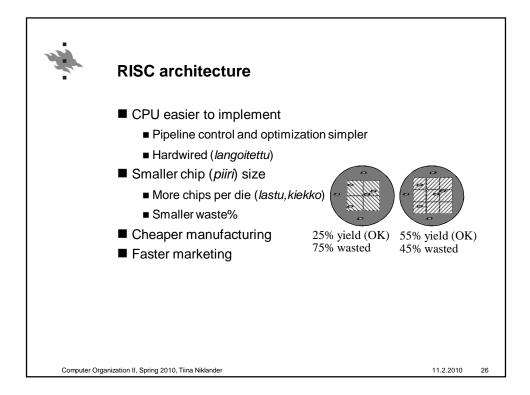
	Subroutine (p	rocedure, functio	on) calls?
	•	e calls e many parameters äinen) calls are rare	(Sta06 Table 13.4)
	Percentage of Executed Procedure Calls With	Compiler, Interpreter, an Typesetter	d Small Nonnumeric Programs
	>3 arguments	0–7%	0–5%
	>5 arguments	0–3%	0%
	>8 words of arguments and local scalars	1-20%	0–6%
	>12 words of arguments and local scalars	1-6%	0–3%
	Procedu	re Arguments and Local S	calar Variables
	How to use the	information? 98% le	ess than 6 parameters
			ess than 6 local variables
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	Complex Instruction Set (CISC)Computer			Reduced I Set (RISC)		Superscalar		
Characteristic	IBM 370/168	VAX 11/780	Inte1 80486	SPARC	MIPS R4000	PowerPC	Ultra SPARC	MIPS R10000
Year developed	1973	1978	1989	1987	1991	1993	1996	1996
Number of instructions	208	303	235	69	94	225		
Instruction size (bytes)	26	2-57	1–11	4	4	4	4	4
Addressing modes	4	22	11	1	1	2	1	1
Number of general- purpose registers	16	16	8	40 - 520	32	32	40 - 520	32
Control memory size (Kbits)	420	480	246	-	_	-		
Cache size (KBytes)	64	64	8	32	128	16-32	32	64
Ch	iaracteristi	cs of Some	CISCs, R	ISCs, and Sı	ıperscalar		Sta06 Tab	le 13.1)

Processor	Number of instruc- tion sizes	Max instruc- tion size in bytes	Number of addressing modes	Indirect addressing	Load/store combined with arithmetic	Ma <b>x</b> number of memory operands	Unaligned addressing allowed	Ma <b>x</b> Number of MMU uses	Number of bits for integer register specifier	Number bits for l registe specifie
AMD29000	1	4	1	no	no	1	no	1	8	3 °
MIPS R2000	1	4	1	no	no	1	no	1	5	4
SPARC	1	4	2	no	no	1	no	1	5	4
MC88000	1	4	3	no	no	1	no	1	5	4
HP PA	1	4	10 ª	no	no	1	no	1	5	4
IBM RT/PC	2ª	4	1	no	no	1	no	1	4 °	3°
IBM RS/6000	1	4	4	no	no	1	yes	1	5	5
Intel i860	1	4	4	no	no	1	no	1	5	4
IBM 3090	4	8	2 <sup>8</sup>	no <sup>b</sup>	yes	2	yes	4	4	2
Intel 80486	12	12	15	no <sup>b</sup>	yes	2	yes	4	3	3
NSC 32016	21	21	23	yes	yes	2	yes	4	3	3
MC68040	11	22	44	yes	yes	2	yes	8	4	3
VAX	56	56	22	yes	yes	6	yes	24	4	0
Clipper	4ª	8 °	9ª	no	no	1	0	2	4°	3°
Intel 80960	2ª	8 "	9ª	no	no	1	yes <sup>a</sup>	-	5	3°



