Metabolic modelling, Spring 07, Exercise 2, Friday, 30.3.2007

1. Consider the metabolic network consisting of the following enzymatic reactions: $A \to B, B \rightleftharpoons C, B \to D, D \to C$. Draw the graph representation of the network.

What is/are the

- (a) Stoichiometric matrix
- (b) Enzyme subsets (solve either manually or by using MATLAB)

of the network?

- 2. Systems biology research group at University of California, San Diego, keeps the repository of genome scale metabolic network models of different organisms. Go to their www site http://gcrg.ucsd.edu/organisms/hpylori.html and download a stoichiometric matrix corresponding the metabolic network of Helicobacter pylori iIT341 GSM/GPR. Write a MATLAB function that
 - (a) loads the stoichiometric matrix to MATLAB (hint: function *load*),
 - (b) computes the degree distribution of metabolites in the network, that is, the distribution of the number of reactions connected to each metabolite in the network (hint: functions *find*, *sum*, *histc*),
 - (c) draws a histogram corresponding the distribution (*plot, hist*). Use both normal and log-log scale (*loglog*).

Prepare to demo the function in front of the class using MATLAB.

3. Fit the scale-free model $P(k) \approx k^{-\gamma}$ to the degree distribution of metabolites of the previous assignment by selecting γ that minimizes the sum of squared errors between the model and the observed distribution. Use for example MATLAB function *fminsearch*. Write a MATLAB function, that performs the fitting. Is the fit good? Try to improve the fit by excluding "outliers" from the observed distribution, that is, select some subinterval for k such that most values k_i where an empirical probability $P(k_i) \approx 0$ in the data are excluded. Did the fit improve? Was it a good idea to exclude the outliers? Prepare to demo the processing steps you took in front of the class using MATLAB. 4. Read the article M. Arita: The metabolic world of Escherichia coli is not small. PNAS 101 (2004), 1543 - 1547 so that you can explain the main points of the article.