


582519 Scientific Writing for MSc in Computer Science: Ethics of writing

Lecture 4, 25.9.2012
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Last week's task: How did it go?

-- fill comments here --

List of references and its structure


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Honesty and ethics of science

- Science is based on trust
 - Researchers are honest
 - Research is ethical
- Honesty
 - Ideas, results, and conclusions presented are new
 - Assumptions are not presented as facts
 - Truth is not misrepresented
- Violation of these norms of behaviour is a serious matter!


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Reviewing / Referring

- Criticising and analysing others' work
 - Research article
 - Theses, reports, seminar work
- Important part of the scientific process
- Should be objective and fair
- Referee statement
 - Analysis of the contents of the article
 - Not evaluation of the author or his/her working place


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Reviewing / Referring (2)

- Conflicts of interest in referring
 - Personal or employment relationship
 - Competition for an appointment
 - Conflicting ideas/opinions
 - Too similar research interests/ideas
- A suspicion of non-objectiveness
=> refuse the referee task


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Reviewing / Referring (3)

- Confidentiality
 - As referee you are not allow to publish the articles or parts of them
 - Not even allowed to show others, if not an assisting referee
- Totally out of line
 - Suggest rejection
 - Use the ideas/results as a basis for referee's own work

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Plagiarism

- The most obvious form of unethical behaviour in science
- Attempt to get honour of work that somebody else has done
- Using existing material without citing to the original work, or citing it inadequately
- Intentional and unintentional plagiarism
 - disregard of the norms of ethical behaviour
 - ignorance of those norms

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Plagiarised material

- Plagiarised material can be
 - ideas
 - results
 - text, pictures, figures, tables
 - whole articles or part of them
- Sources of the plagiarised material
 - published articles
 - web pages
 - newsgroup articles
 - e-mail message,

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Forms of plagiarism

- Use of others' ideas or results without acknowledgements
- Direct copying of material
 - without citing the source
 - citing the source, but not indicating the exact quotation
- Using material with inappropriate or inadequate citations
 - What part of the text the citation covers?

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Forms of plagiarism (2)

- Copying the structure of a source
- Using pictures
 - Copying of a unique picture (by scanning or re-drawing it) always plagiarism
 - If modified from its original form (even translated), the source must be indicated
- Self-plagiarism

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Self-plagiarism

- Copying/reusing one's own text (previous work)
 - Exception: an extended/complete version of a conference/workshop paper that is published in a journal
- Multiple articles based on same results
 - Publishing improper unless full cross-referenced
 - Simultaneous submissions to different publication forums must be disclosed

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Self-plagiarism (2)

- Against good ethics
 - Even the description of the background of the work should always be rewritten
 - A member of a research group cannot use texts of the other group members
- Question of copyright
 - Publication forum has usually the rights for the presentation
 - Author has the rights for his/her ideas!

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Authorship

- Each author of an article should have some contribution to the contents of it
 - Implementing an algorithm not enough
 - Giving feedback not enough
 - ⇒ mentioned in Acknowledgements
- Preferred: contribution to ideas, experimentation and analysis
- Authors must give their permission for authorship
- Being a member of a research group does not automatically give the authorship


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Authorship (2)

- Postgraduate studies
 - Student and supervisor together
 - Supervisor should not publish alone results that the student has obtained
 - Student should not publish the results without consulting the supervisor
- Order of the authors
 - Alphabetical order by last names
 - The author with the biggest contribution first


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Publishing on web pages

- Articles published only in authors' or research groups' web pages
 - Intention to publish as a conference, workshop or journal article
 - Can be considered by a publication forum as published
 - Usually not refereed
- Articles already published in a conference, workshop or journal
 - Not always allowed
 - When allowed, must typically include the copyright notice of the publisher


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Detecting plagiarism

- Usually it is easy to tell when someone has copied text
- Language changes
 - Language style varies
 - Fluency of text varies
 - Terminology changes
 - especially if copied from different places and sources
- Words not a normal part of the writer's style and vocabulary


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Detecting plagiarism (2)

- Digital copies of articles make copying easy
 - **BUT** they can be easily found also by the referees and teachers!
- Our university and department **do not tolerate plagiarism**, i.e. copying the work of others
- Technical tools are used for detecting plagiarism and checking the originality of submitted reports, seminar works and theses!


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Consequences of plagiarism

- Article is not published
- Lost of reputation
- Lost of a job
- Even jail
- ...


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Consequences of plagiarism (2)

- Thesis/report/seminar work is not accepted
- Course is failed
- Course must be retaken
- ...
- Student will lose the study right, i.e., is thrown out of the university


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Avoiding plagiarism

- Take model of others work (outlining, writing, citing), but don't copy them
- Cite your sources
- Make it clear what is the origin of your text
 - Distinguish what you state and what the others have stated
 - Paraphrase the ideas of others


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Avoiding plagiarism (2)

- Show direct quotations with quotation marks (even direct translations) and proper citations
- Make your own pictures, tables, etc.
- Give in the list of references only those articles that you have read and cited


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Paraphrasing

- Writing the ideas of some other authors in your own words
 - Without changing the original meaning
 - Paragraph structure not the same
 - Sentence structure not the same
 - Words not too similar to the original
- Requires that you understand what the others have stated
- Paraphrasing can also help to understand a difficult text


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Paraphrasing (2)

- Basic process
 - Read the source and understand it
 - Write/paraphrase the contents with your own words
 - Check your version against the original
 - Revise if necessary
- Different approaches of paraphrasing (writing)
 - **Read the source, put it a side, and do not look at it, while writing**
 - Read the source and take notes, have a break, use the notes while writing
 - **Paraphrase while looking at the source**


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Paraphrasing (3)

- Key steps of the paraphrasing process
 - Changing the structure
 - Paragraph structure
 - Sentence structure
 - Keep just the main and most relevant ideas
 - Changing the words
 - Keep specialised words and terminology, i.e., shared language
 - Find alternative words and expressions for other words and phrases
 - Thesauruses, dictionaries


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Paraphrasing (4)

- Paraphrasing is an iterative process
 - Start by changing the structure, not the words
 - Change the words
 - Make further changes to the structure
 - ...
- Several iterations may be needed!


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Misrepresentation

- Occurs when
 - the results obtained improperly described and/or overstated
 - the value of previous work diminished
- Description of the results
 - Accurate, precise, correct, truthful
 - All restrictions explained
 - Both negative and positive results reported
 - Detailed enough so that experiments can be repeated


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Misrepresentation (2)

- Unintentional mistake is not misrepresentation
- The most serious form: totally incorrect statement(s)
- Other forms:
 - Underestimating previous work
 - Emphasising own results (even preliminary or somehow restricted)
 - Omitting unsuccessful experiments and their results
 - Omitting the change history of web documents


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Sources

- Books
 - Zobel, J., *Writing for Computer Science: The art of effective communication*. Springer-Verlag, Singapore, 1997.
 - Lester, J.D., *Writing Research Papers: A complete guide*. 7th edition. HarperCollins College Publishers, New York, 1993.
 - Barrass, R., *Scientists Must Write: A guide to better writing for scientists, engineers and students*. Chapman & Hall, London, 1995.

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Sources (2)

- Online guides, for example,
 - Writer's Handbook of University of Wisconsin-Madison (USA)
 - Online writing lab of University of Purdue (USA)
 - Writing skills guide of the Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology (Australia)
 - Justin Zobel's page with links to Technical writing and research ethics

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