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- Go through the exercises
  - If you did all homeworks and understand them well, you should do fine in the exam
- Read the book and lecture slides
  - If there is nothing on the slides about the subsection, then there very probably is not a question in the exam
- The review questions in the slides are good hints!
- Old exams are in web
  - Many exams only in Finnish
  - See <a href="https://www.cs.helsinki.fi/courses/581365/2010/s/k/1">https://www.cs.helsinki.fi/courses/581365/2010/s/k/1</a>
    - "Basic Information" sub-page (tab)
    - "Kerola's CO-II home page", and "Previous Exams" there
  - Exam questions have high temporal locality!

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#### Digital logic (Ch 20)

- What is the problem and how is it solved?
- Boolean algebra, gates and flip-flops
- Basic ideas on optimization, no Carnaugh maps
- Circuit description with Boolean tables, gates, and graphs
- Flip-flops and basic circuits, basic functionality
  - Understand, how S-R flip-flop works
- Combination circuits vs. sequential circuits
- How to implement memory?
- How to implement functions?
  - How to implement 32-bit add?

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### Bus (Ch 3)

- ■What is the problem and how is it solved?
- ■Instruction cycle, interrupts
- ■Bus characteristics
  - Speed, width, asynch/synch timing,
  - Signaling, centralized/distributed arbitration,
  - Events or transactions
- **■**PCI
  - Arbitration, read & write sequences
- ■Can read and explain timing diagrams

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## Cache (Ch 4)

- ■What is the problem? How is it solved?
- ■Principle of locality,temporal & spatial locality
- ■Design features
  - Size, line size, split/unified, levels (L1, L2, L3)
  - Mapping: direct mapping, fully-associative, set-associative
  - Replacement policy
  - Write policy: write-through, write-back, write-once
- ■Cache coherency problem for multiprocessors

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### Main Memory (Ch 5)

- ■Basic ideas, no details
- ■DRAM implementation principles
  - Memory address split row and column access select fields
- $\blacksquare \mbox{How to build larger memory from smaller chips}$

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### **Memory Management (Ch 8)**

- ■Focus on virtual memory
  - What problem is solved? How is it solved?
  - Solution is based on locality
  - Solve protection problems at the same time?
- ■Virtual memory organization
  - page table, inverted page table, segment table,
- hierarchical tables
- Disk organization to support VM
- ■Address translation,
  - What is the problem, what is the solution, how is it done?
  - TLB, how does it work, how is it implemented?
- ■TLB and cache, how do they work together
- How do you locate referenced data (in cache or in memory)

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#### Computer Arithmetic (Ch 9)

- What is the problem and how is it solved?
- Integers
  - Representation
  - Add & subtract, multiply, divide
  - Booth's algorithm for multiplication
- Floating-point
  - IEEE representation, unnormalized, NaN, ∞
  - Principles of add, sub, mul, div overflows/underflows
  - Accuracy
    - In representation
    - In computation
    - Loss of accuracy in certain math ops

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#### Instruction Sets (Ch 10, 11)

- What is the problem and how is it solved?
- Characteristics
  - Data types, register sets
  - Addressing modes
- Architecture types
  - Accumulator, stack, register, load-store
- Instruction formats
  - Pentium cisc vs. Arm risc
  - Can explain basic differences
  - No need to study details

= 140 need to study deta

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## CPU Structure and Function (Ch 12)

- What is the problem and how is it solved?
- Structural elements: regs, internal regs, pws
- Pipelined implementation of fetch-exec cycle
  - What is the problem and how is it solved?
  - Performance gains: when and how much?
  - Hazards & dependencies
    - Types: structural, control, data
    - Solution methods: bubbles, compiler, more HW
  - How to solve RAW data dependency problems?
  - Bubble (hw), NOP (sw bubble), instr order (sw), by-pass circuits (hw)
  - How to solve control dependencies?
    - Clear pipeline (hw), delay slots (sw), mult. conditional instr. streams
    - Prefetch target, loop buffer
  - Static and dynamic branch prediction, branch history table

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# **RISC (Ch 13)**

- What is the problem and how is it solved?
- What is CISC, what is RISC?
  - RISC vs CISC
- RISC features
- Lots of regs, few data types,
- Few operands and memory addressing types
- Simple instructions optimized for pipeline
- Load/Store architecture
- Register files
- What is the problem and how is it solved?
- Registers windows, register optimization
- Register allocation problem
  - What is the problem and how is it solved (graph coloring)?

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### Superscalar (Ch 14)

- What is the problem and how is it solved?
- Implementation strategies
  - In-order or out-of-order issue
  - In-order or out-of-order complete
  - Instruction selection window, window of execution
- Name dependencies
  - What is the problem and how is it solved?
  - New dependency types to worry about: WAR, RAW
  - Register renaming
- Hyperthreading or multithreading
  - What is the problem and how is it solved?
  - Use larger register set to better utilize pipelines

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### Control-Unit (Ch 15, 16)

- What is the problem and how is it solved?
- Micro-ops
  - Micro-op sequences in different phases of the execution cycle
- How control signals make things happen?
- Control signal state machine
- Hardwired control
- Direct implementation of control state machine
- Requires lots of optimization to reduce state space
- Microprogrammed control
  - Structure: control memory, control address, control buffer
  - Horizontal or vertical (functional & resource encoding)
- Sequencing, i.e., which microinstruction next?

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