Concurrency
Ch I [BenA 06]

Terminology
Concurrency in Systems
Problem Examples
Solution Considerations

Concurrency Terminology tavallinen ohjelma · Process, thread "Ordinary" program Sequential process, one thread of execution Concurrent program rinnakkaisohjelma - Many sequential process, that may be executed in parallel • multi-threaded Java-program, runs in one system · Web-application, distributed on many systems · Multiprocessor system, parallel program Many sequential or concurrent processes are executed in parallel rinnakkaisohjelma, moniprosessoria rinnakkaisohjelma, moniprosessorisovellus Many architectures, no winner yet · Distributed system, distributed program No shared memory hajautettu ohjelma - Interconnected systems 12.1.2011 Copyright Teemu Kerola 2011

Concurrency at HW-level

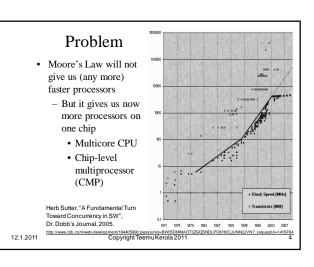
Processor

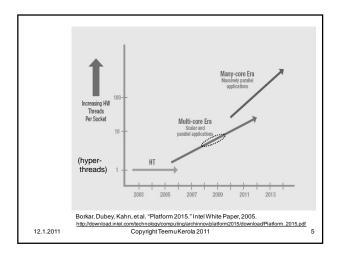
Execute many instructions in parallel
Execute many threads in parallel
Execute many processes in parallel
Execute many processes in parallel
System

Many processors/display processors
Many I/O devices
LAN or WAN
Many systems (in clusters)
Internet and other networks
Many sub-systems

Mup//ops.flwa.doi.gov/publications/telecomm_handbook/images/fig2-14.gff
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The Multicore Challenge • We have a heat-barrier dead-end to develop simple to program single core chips - So, we leap to multicore chips in pursuit for ever higher processing power • Parallel Challenge: how to use these multicore computers efficiently to speed up computing? - Concurrent programming - We should have launched a parallel programming "Manhattan Project" a long time ago • Would need now 100's of millions (\$), not 10's of millions (\$) per year for long term funding David Patterson, The Multicore Challenge, The CCC Blog, Aug 26, 2008,

Concurrency at HW-level

- Machine language code
 - Many instructions at execution concurrently
- Comp.Org. I, II (tito, tikra)
- Logically "one at a time" (von Neumann arch.)
 - · At least one "instruction cluster" at a time
- Program execution may stop/pause after any instruction
- · High level programming language code
 - Process switch can occur at any time
 - No "handle" on process switch times (in general)
 - Operating system & external events decide
 - Need to synchronize with other programs
 - Need to communicate with other programs
 - Need to get handle to process switch occurrences
 - Other processes may be in execution at the same time

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Problem Free Concurrency?

- · No problems at all?
 - Concurrent threads in execution
 - No shared data, no I/O (or private I/O)
 - No communication, no synchonization
- · No shared data, but data in shared memory
 - Bus congestion may be problem
 - Concurrency problem (bus use) solved in HW
 - · Slows down execution
- · Communication/synchronization is needed eventually
 - Combine results from concurrent threads

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Concurrency Problems

- · Keep data consistent
 - Update all fields of shared data
 - Complete writing a buffer before reading starts
- · Synchronize with someone
 - Complete writing before reading starts
 - Give money only after bank card is taken
 - Compile new Java class before execution resumes
 - Do not wait forever, if the other party is dead
- · Communicate with someone
 - Send a short message to someone
 - Send data to be processed to someone
 - Send 2 GB data for remote processing, wait for result

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Concurrency Examples

- · Playstation 3
 - Use effectively 2 cells, 9 processors at each cell
 - · Use two different processor architectures
 - Divide-and-conquer or filtering approach?
- Desktop PC
 - Use effectively 4 processors and a graphics adapter to generate graphics for fast moving game
 - Divide processing for CPU's and graphics adapter?
 - Utilize all 4 processors
 - Control shared access to game data base
 - In memory? In disk?
 - In a file server in Japan?

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Concurrency Examples

- · Multithreaded Java program on a multiprocessor system
 - Access to shared data structures

vera: javac Plusminus1.java vera: time java Plusminus1

vera: javac Plusminus8.java vera: time java Plusminus8>& a & vera: ps -eo pcpu,pid,user,args | sort -k 1 -r | head -10

vera has 8 processors visible to operating system Why is result different with extra output

- Synchronization between threads
- · Displaying these slides from file server
 - Transfer slides to local buffer and display them

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Concurrency Examples

- · Linux Beowulf 6 node cluster
 - How to solve weather forecast Hirlam model as fast as possible?
 - How to best distribute data?
 - Solution scalable to 100 or 1000 nodes?
- Web server
 - How to serve 1000 or 10000 concurrent requests with
 - . Most reads, but some writes to same files?
 - · How to guarantee consistent reads with simultaneous writes?

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Concurrency Examples

- · Operating system
 - How to keep track of all concurrent processes, each with multiple threads?
 - What type of concurrency control utilities should be offered to user programs?
 - · Which utilities offered to OS services?
 - How do we guarantee that the system does not "freeze"
 - How to write an 8-disk disk controller device driver?
 - How do I guarantee, that nothing disturbs an ongoing process switch?

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Concurrency Problem Solution Level

- Processor level, i.e., below machine language level
 - HW solutions, automatic, no errors Need to understand, this is where it really happens
- Machine language level
 - Specific (HW) machine instructions for concurrency solutions
 - Clever solutions without specific instructions
 - Need to be used properly, this is where it really happens
- · Program level, i.e., programming language level
 - SW solutions, many possibilities for error
 - $Solve\ problem\ by\ programming\ the\ solution\ your\ self$
 - · Very error prone
 - Requires privileged execution mode (usually)
 - Solve problem directly by invoking certain available library
 - Error prone may invoke wrong routines at wrong times
 - Solve problem by letting available library service do it all for you
 Not suitable always may not fit to your problem well

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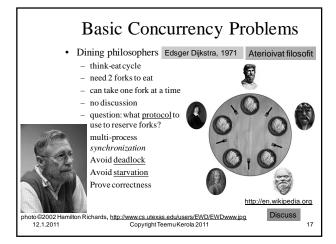
Library Solutions for Concurrency Problems

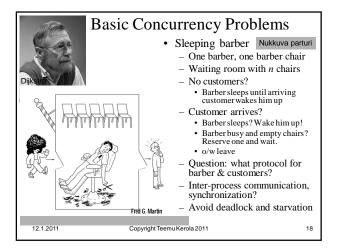
- Programming language run-time library
 - E.g., Java thread management
 - Usually within one process (in one system)
 - Any program can use
 - May be implemented directly or with OS-libraries
- Operating systems services (libraries)
 - Any process can use these, not so portable across OS's
 - Usually only choice between many processes
 - · Exception: programming language library that implements its services with OS
 - Only choice between many systems
 - May need privileged execution mode
 - · Some services reserved only for OS programs or

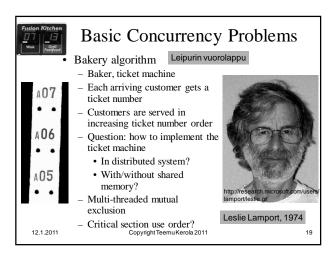
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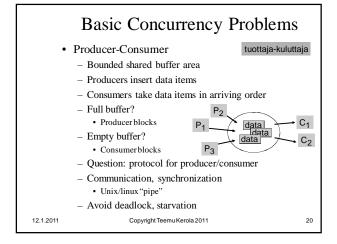
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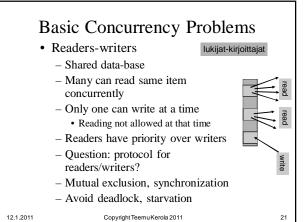
Basic Concurrency Problem Types Mutex poissulkemisongelma Person id = idXOne or more critical code Person.name = nameX; segments, i.e., critical section Person.age = ageX; At most one process executing critical section (of code) at any time I.e., at most one process holds this resource (code) at any time · Synchronization Communication Copyright Teemu Kerola 2011 12.1.2011











System Considerations • Different threads in same process? - Who controls thread switching? Application or OS? • Different processes in same system? - Shared memory or not? - Many threads in each process? • Different threads/processes in processors grid? - No shared memory • Different threads/processes in distributed system? - No shared memory - Large communication delays

Solution Considerations

- Solution at application level without HW support
 - Do everything from scratch
- · Solution at application level with HW support
 - Use special machine language level instructions or structures
- · Solution at operating system level
 - Use utilities in operating system library
- · Solution at programming language level
 - Use utilities in programming language library
- · Solution at network level
 - Use utilities in some network server
- Need to understand what really happens

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Summary

Terminology

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- Concurrency in systems
- Concurrency problem examples
 - Educational: philophers, barber, bakery
 - Practical: consumer-producer, readers-writers
- · Solution considerations

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